

The Potential of Lead

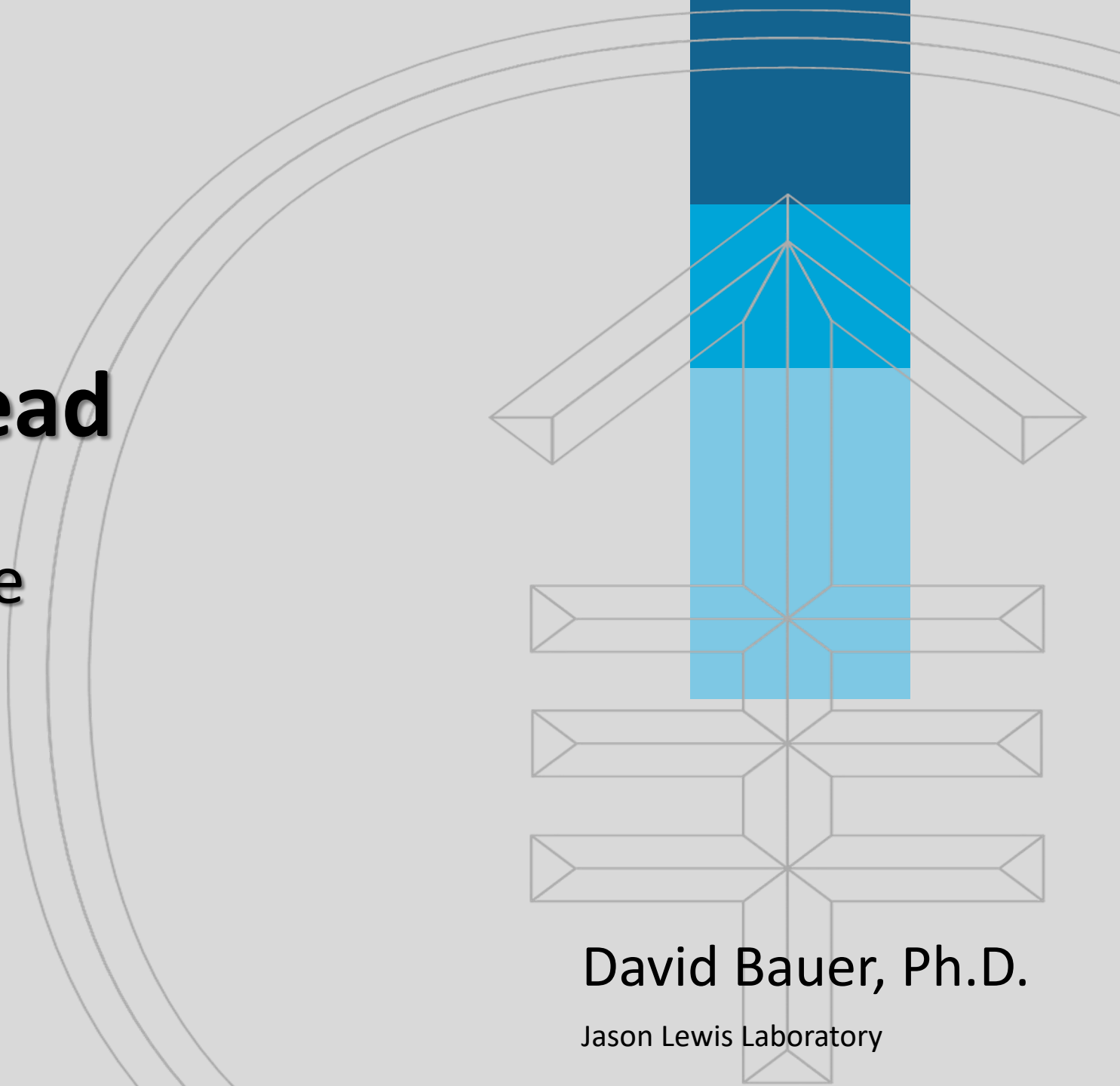
A Preclinical Perspective



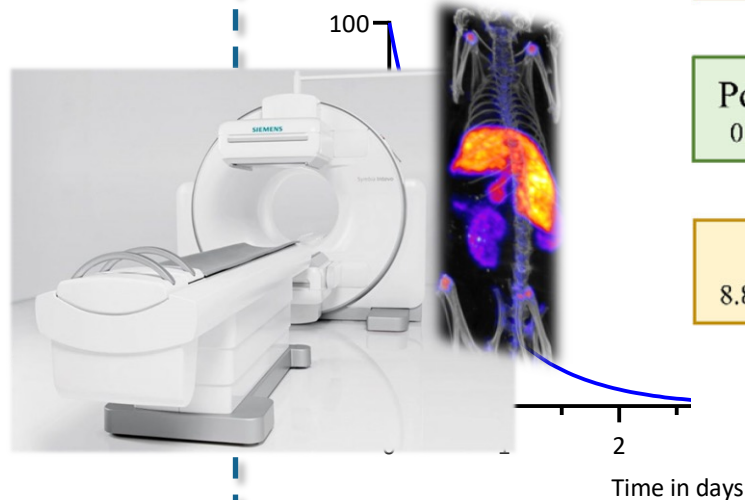
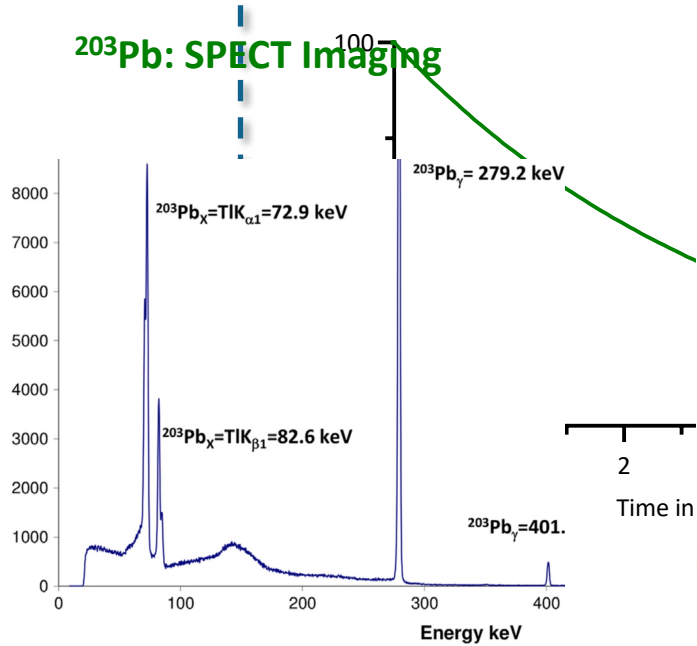
Memorial Sloan Kettering
Cancer Center

David Bauer, Ph.D.

Jason Lewis Laboratory

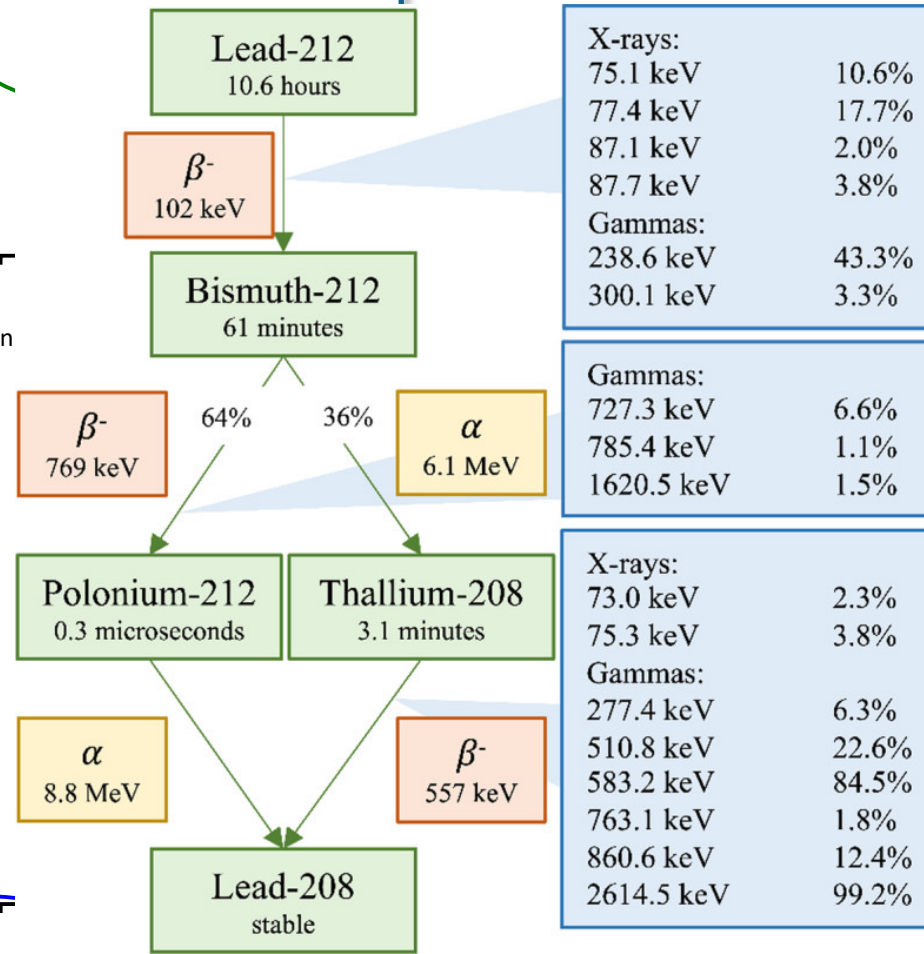


Physical Properties of Radiolead



Máthé, et al. Appl Radiat Isot (2016), PMID: 27156049

²⁰³Pb ²¹²Pb: In vivo Alpha-Generator



X-rays:	
75.1 keV	10.6%
77.4 keV	17.7%
87.1 keV	2.0%
87.7 keV	3.8%
Gammas:	
238.6 keV	43.3%
300.1 keV	3.3%

Gammas:	
727.3 keV	6.6%
785.4 keV	1.1%
1620.5 keV	1.5%

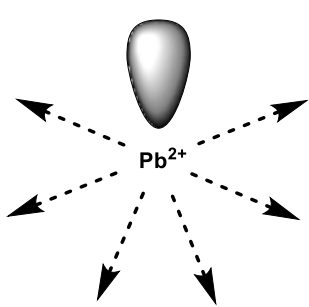
X-rays:	
73.0 keV	2.3%
75.3 keV	3.8%
Gammas:	
277.4 keV	6.3%
510.8 keV	22.6%
583.2 keV	84.5%
763.1 keV	1.8%
860.6 keV	12.4%
2614.5 keV	99.2%

Kvassheim, et al. EJNMMI Phys (2022), PMID: 35925521
Kvassheim, et al. EJNMMI Phys (2023), PMID: 37603123

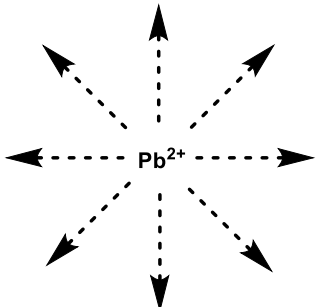
Chemical Properties of Lead

		Alkali metals		Halogens																						
		Alkaline-earth metals		Noble gases		Rare-earth elements (21, 39, 57–71) and lanthanoid elements (57–71 only)																				
		Transition metals																								
		Other metals																								
		Other nonmetals		Actinoid elements																						
group	1*																			2						
period	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	18	18	18					
1	H																			He						
2	Li	Be																			B	C	N	O	F	Ne
3	Na	Mg																			Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar
4	K	Ca	Sc	Ti	V	Cr	Mn	Fe	Co	Ni	Cu	Zn	Ga	Ge	As	Se	Br	Kr								
5	Rb	Sr	Y	Zr	Nb	Mo	Tc	Ru	Rh	Pd	Ag	Cd	In	Sn	Sb	Te	I	Xe								
6	Cs	Ba	La	Hf	Ta	W	Re	Os	Ir	Pt	Au	Hg	Tl	Pb	Bi	Po	At	Rn								
7	Fr	Ra	Ac	Rf	Db	Sg	Bh	Hs	Mt	Ds	Rg	Cn	Nh	Fl	Mc	Lv	Ts	Og								
lanthanoid series	6	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71											
		Ce	Pr	Nd	Pm	Sm	Eu	Gd	Tb	Dy	Ho	Er	Tm	Yb	Lu											
actinoid series	7	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103											
		Th	Pa	U	Np	Pu	Am	Cm	Bk	Cf	Es	Fm	Md	No	Lr											

Electron config.:	4f ¹⁴ 5d ¹⁰ 6s ² 6p ²
Pb²⁺ (CN = 6):	1.19 Å
CN < 6	hemidirected
CN 8+	holodirected
HSAB behavior	borderline

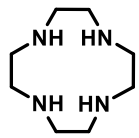


hemidirected

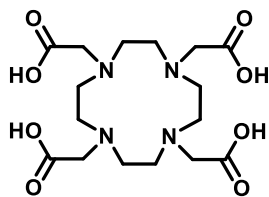


holodirected

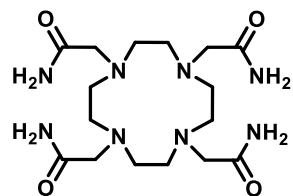
The Chelation of Lead



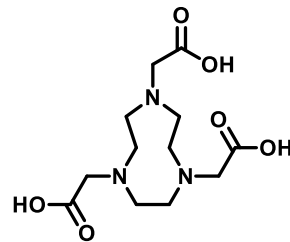
cyclen



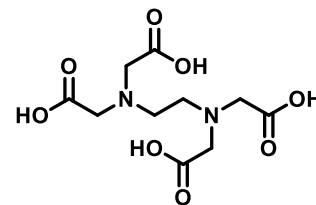
DOTA



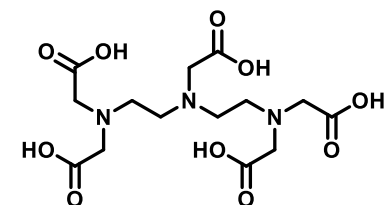
TCMC



NOTA



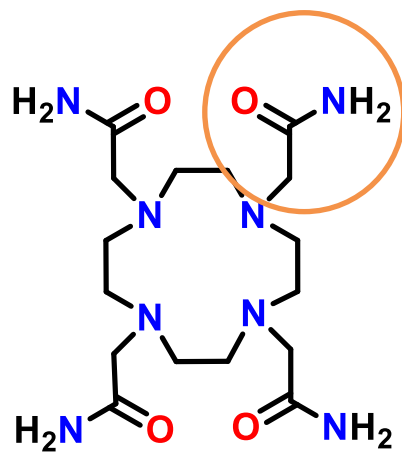
EDTA



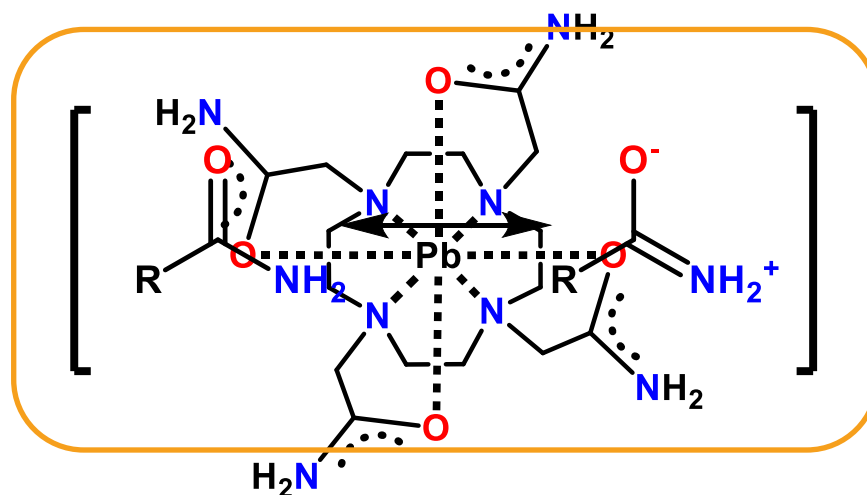
DTPA

Ligand	cyclen	DOTA	TCMC	NOTA	EDTA	DTPA
$\log \beta$	15.9	22.7	>19	16.6	18.0	18.8

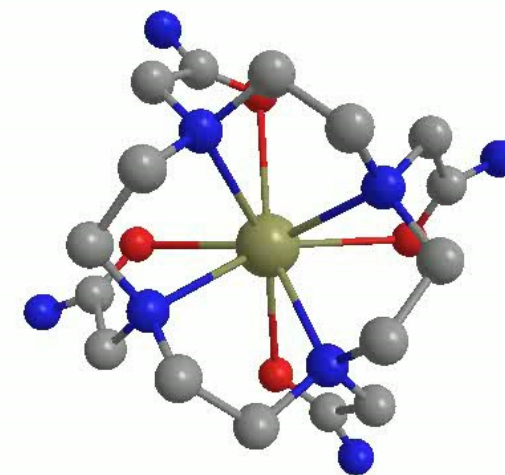
Kokov, et al. Pharmaceutics (2022), PMID: 35057083



TCMC

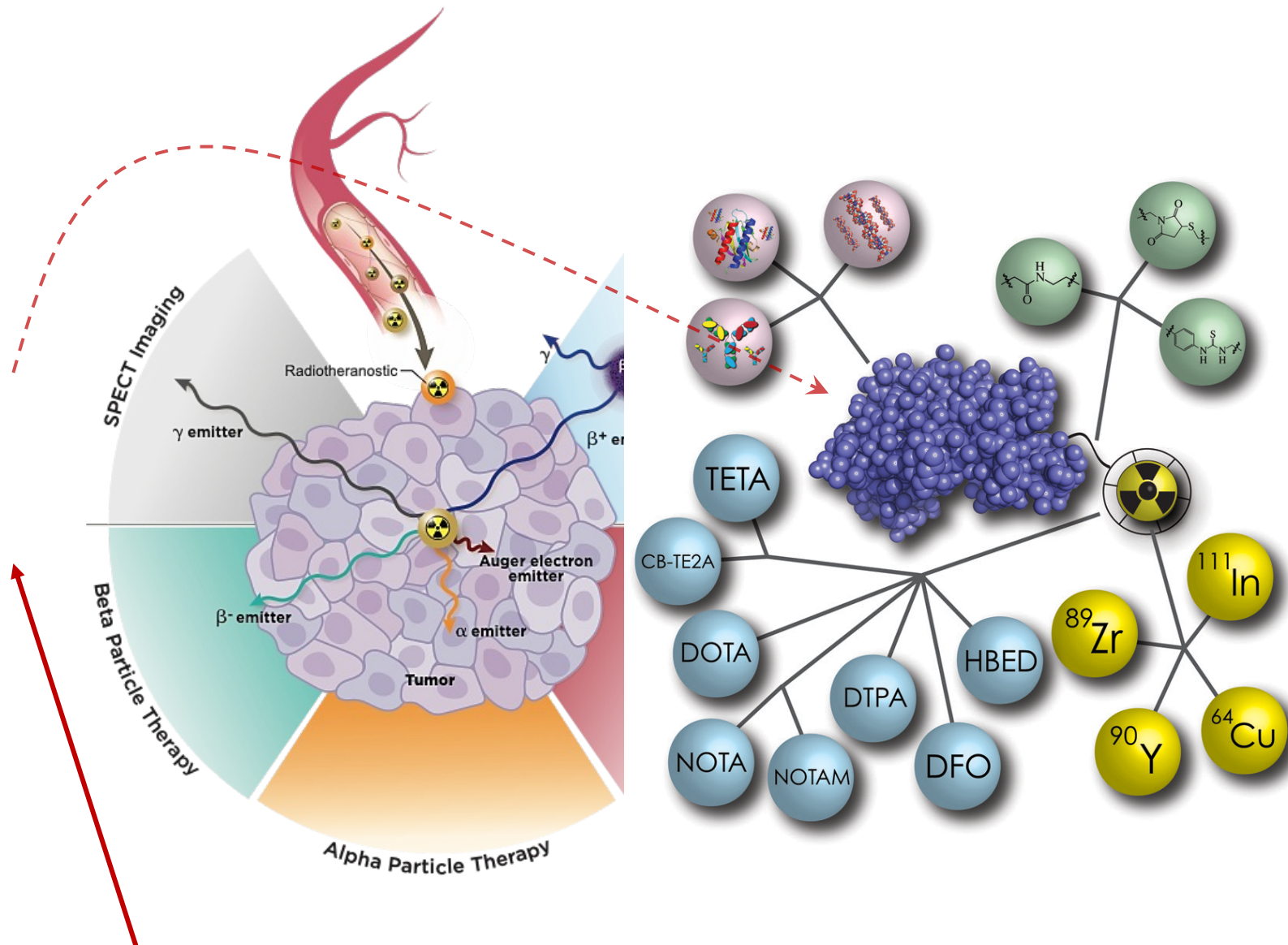


[Pb-TCMC]



Cuenot, et al. EurJIC (2007), DOI: 10.1002/ejic.200700819

Theranostics with Lead

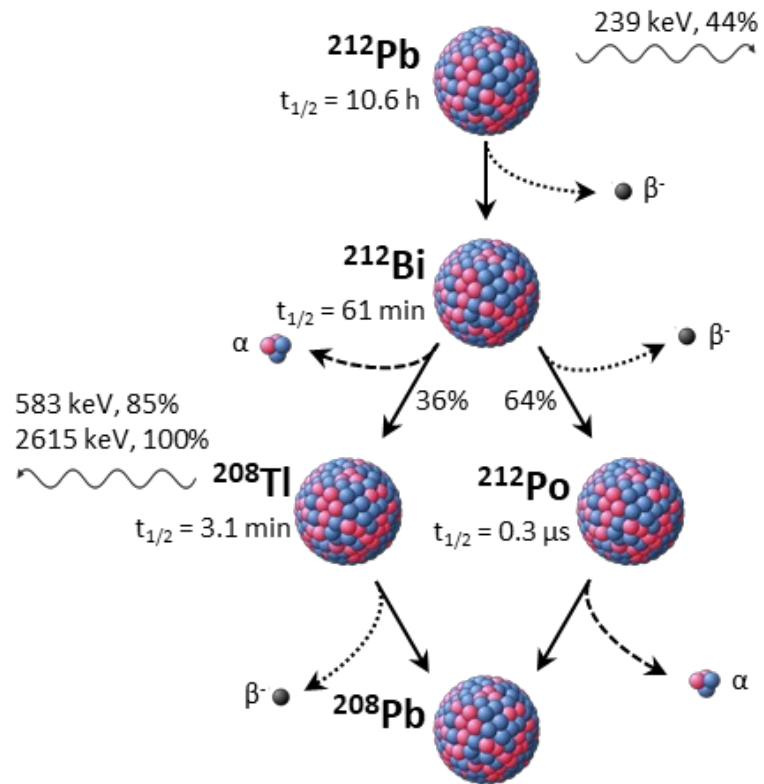


PSMA, SSTR2, CXCR4, GRPR, MC1R, HER2

Zeglis, et al. Dalton Transactions (2011), PMID: 21442098

Herrero, et al. ChemMedChem (2021), PMID: 33792195

The Radiolabeling of Lead



The “Kit” procedure:

- 1) Reconstitute precursor in buffer
- 2) Add radiolead
- 3) Check pH
- 4) Incubation
- 5) Formulate for injection
- 6) QC

pH 4.5–5.5

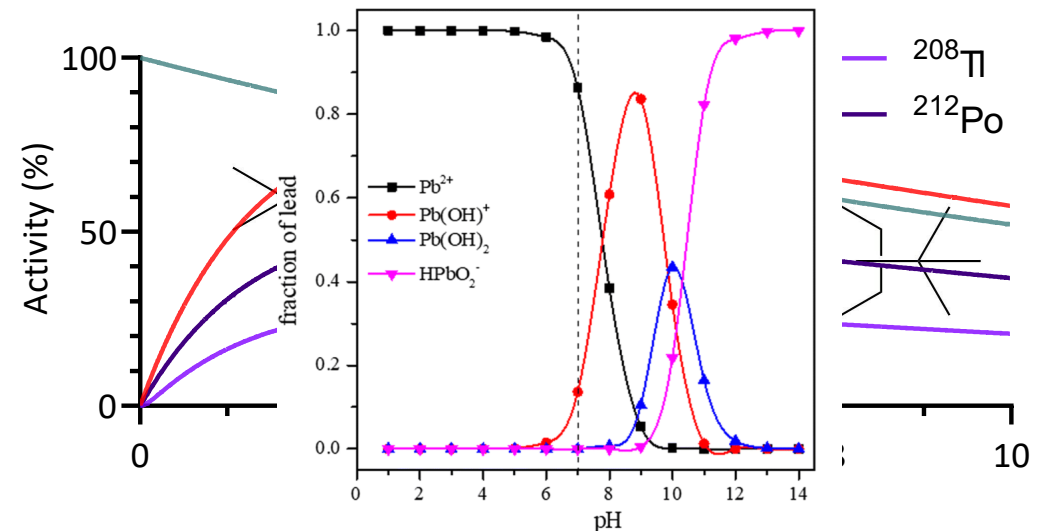
Pb Resin purification

!

RT, 10-30 min

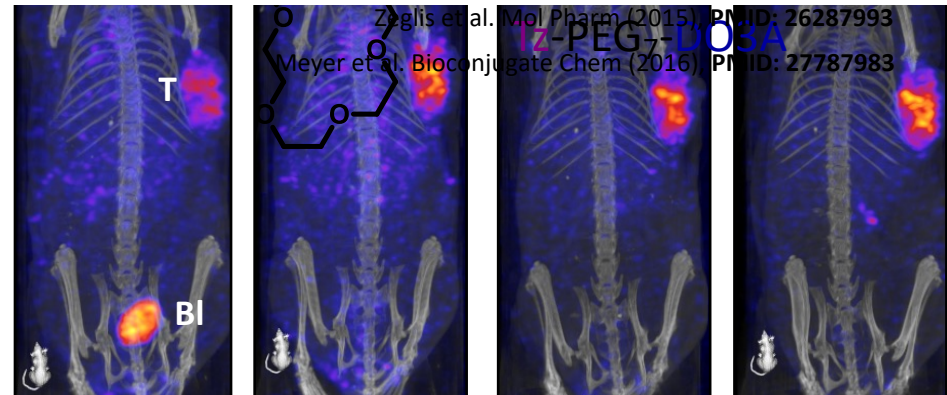
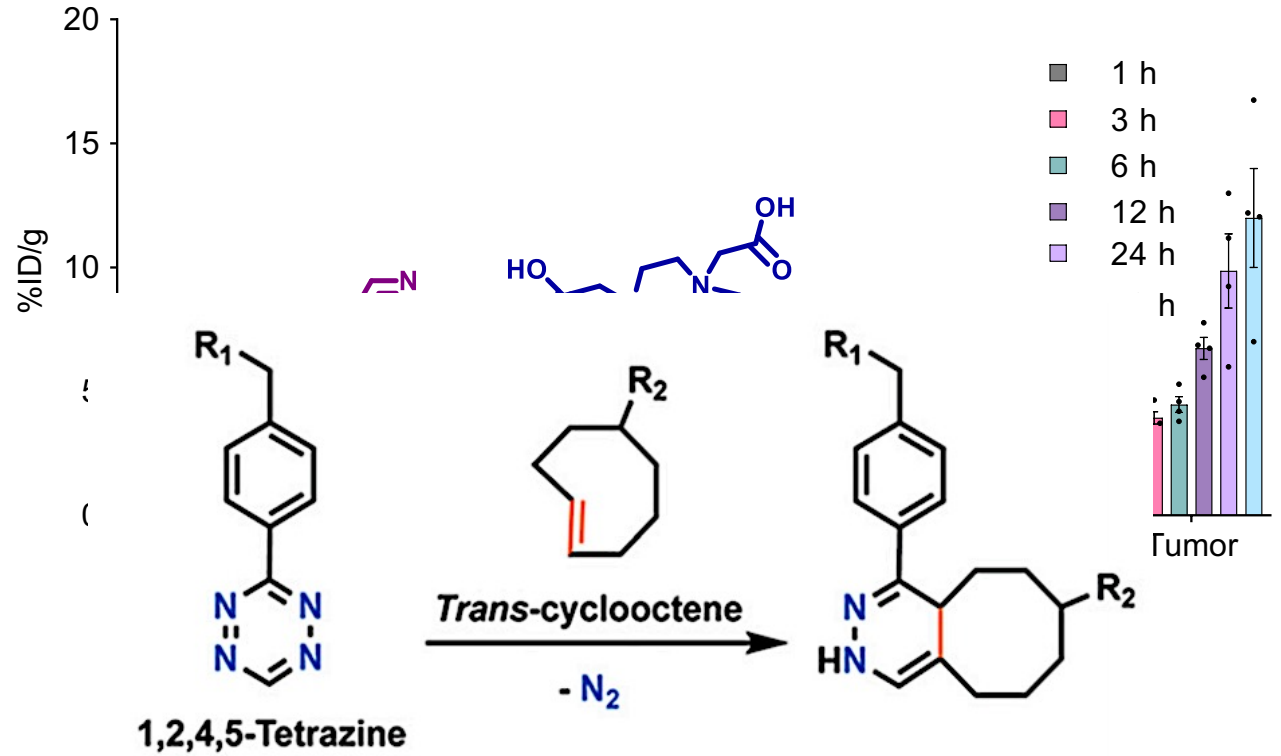
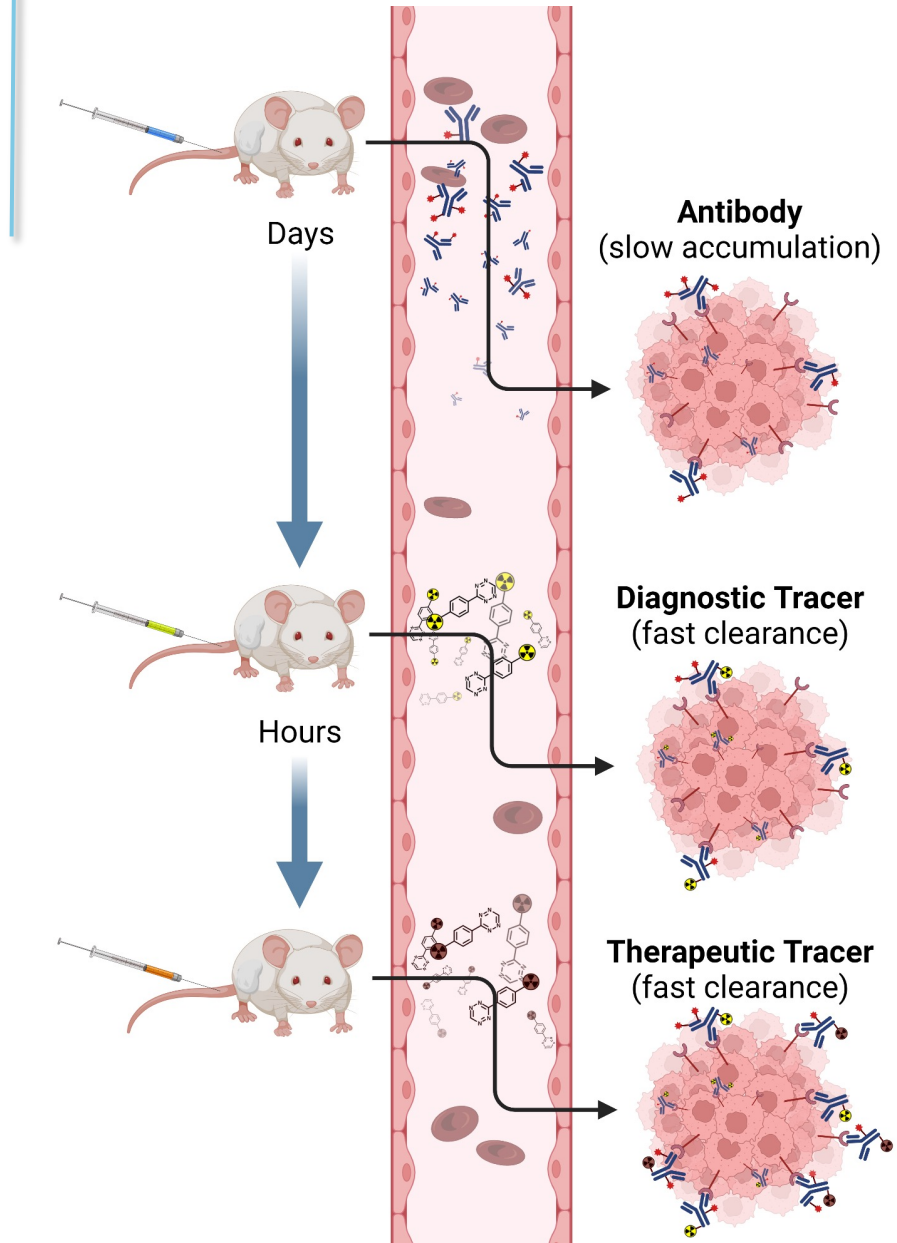
Purification, EQ !

HPLC (+)



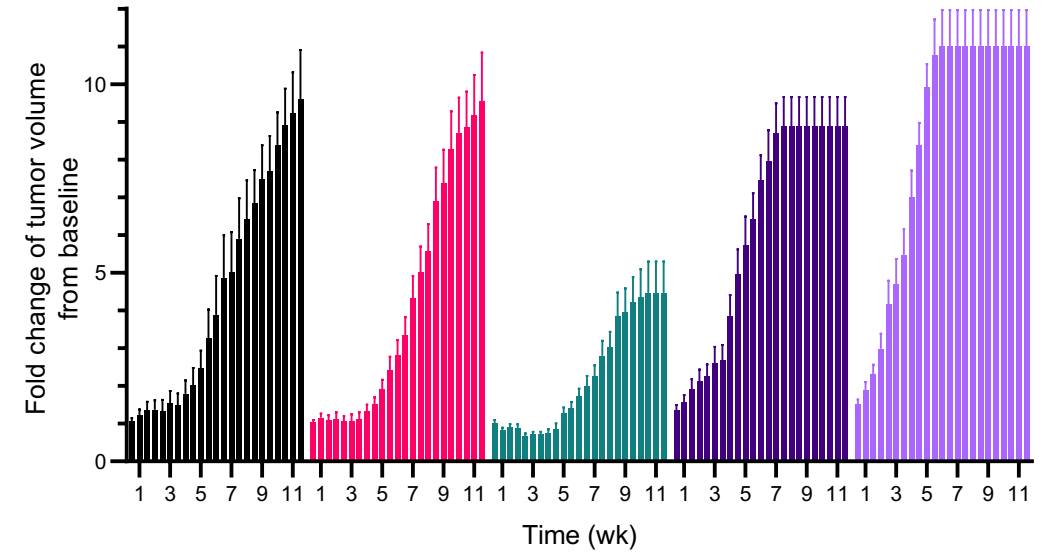
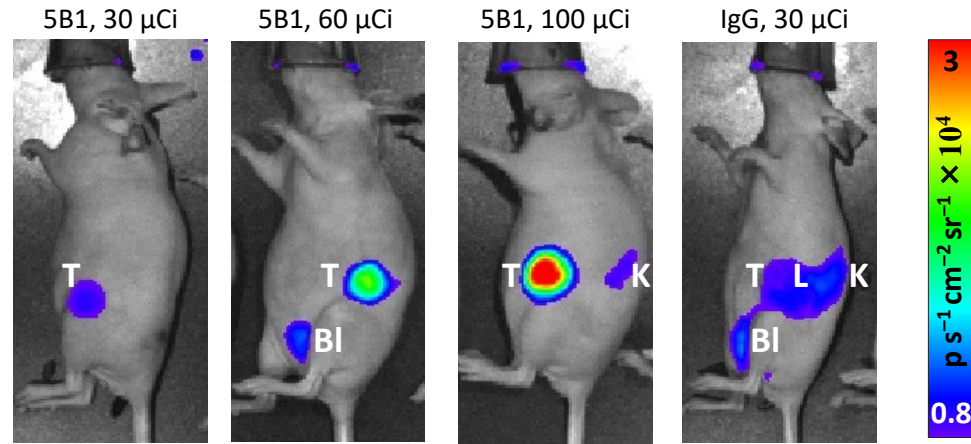
McNeil et al. EJNMMI (2021), PMID: 33527221
 Li et al. Pharmaceutics (2023), PMID: 36839736
 Oliveira et al. Water Air Soil Pollut (2019), DOI: 10.1007/s11270-019-4240-8
 Baidoo et al. Nucl Med Biol (2013), PMID: 23602604
 Chapeau et al. Pharmaceutics (2023), PMID: 37513897

Pretargeting with Lead-212

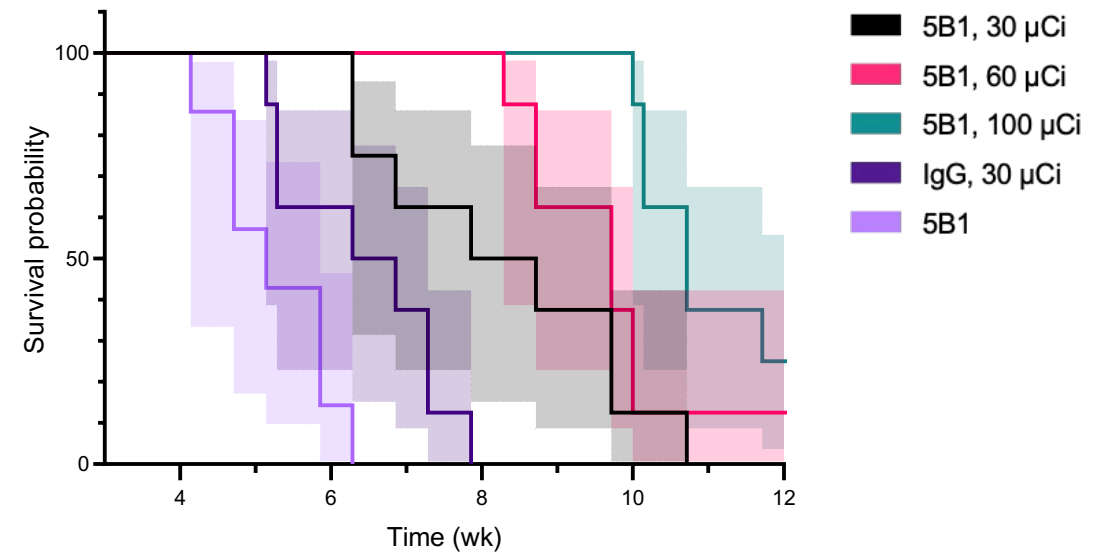


Bauer, et al. JNM (2023), accepted

Therapy with Lead-212 is Effective!



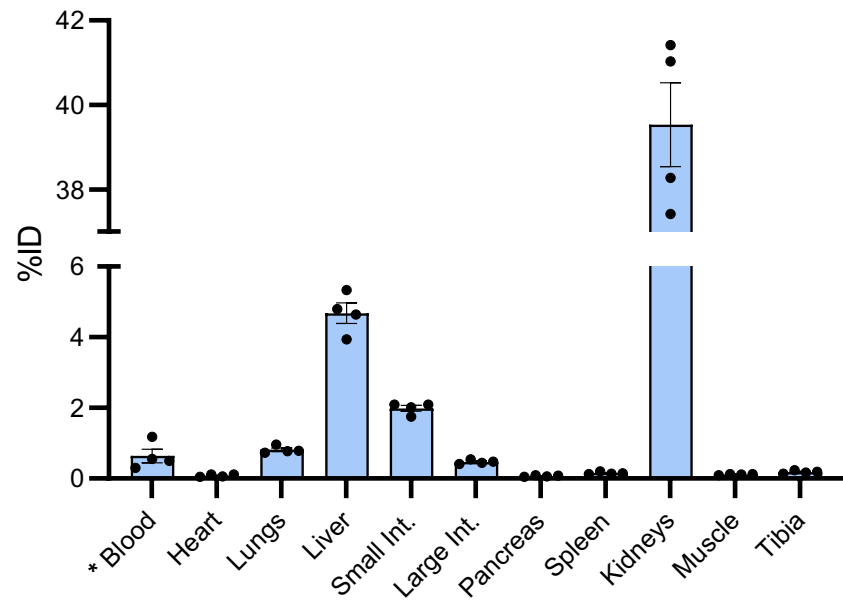
Median Survival in Weeks				
30 μCi DO3A	60 μCi DO3A	100 μCi DO3A	30 μCi IgG, DO3A	NaCl
8.3	9.7	10.7	6.5	5.1



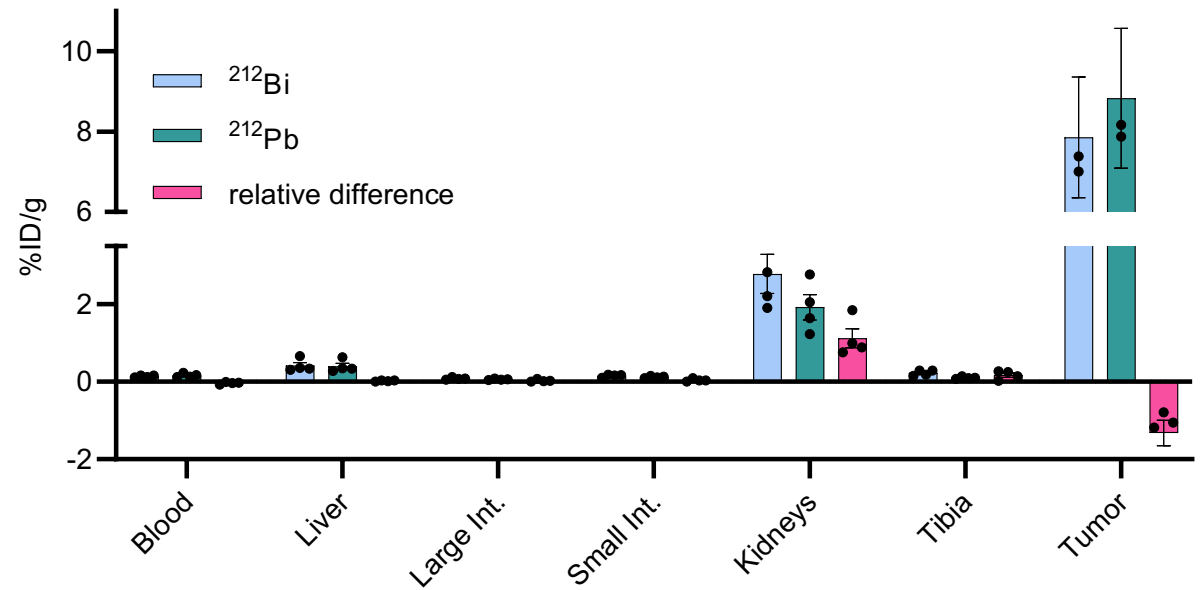
Bauer, et al. JNM (2023), accepted

Investigating Bismuth-212

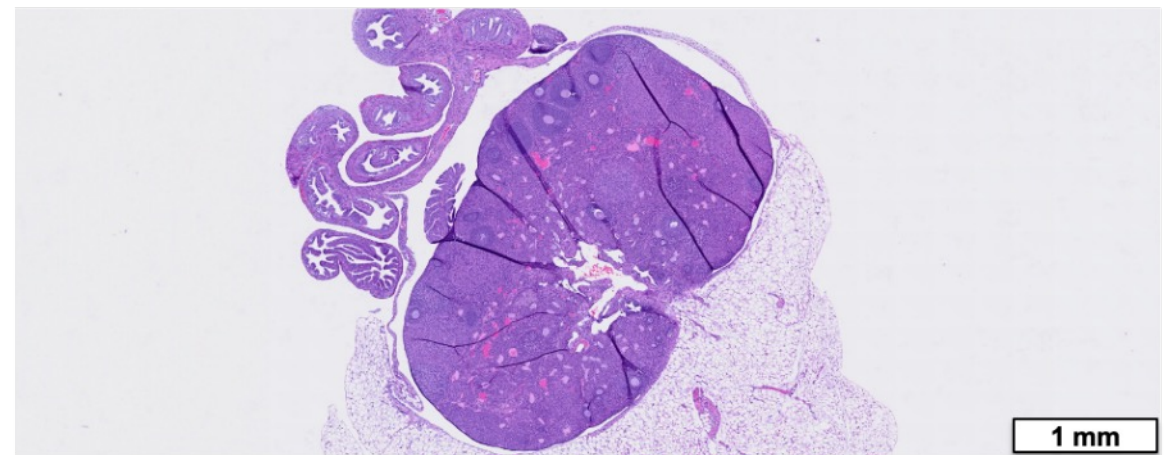
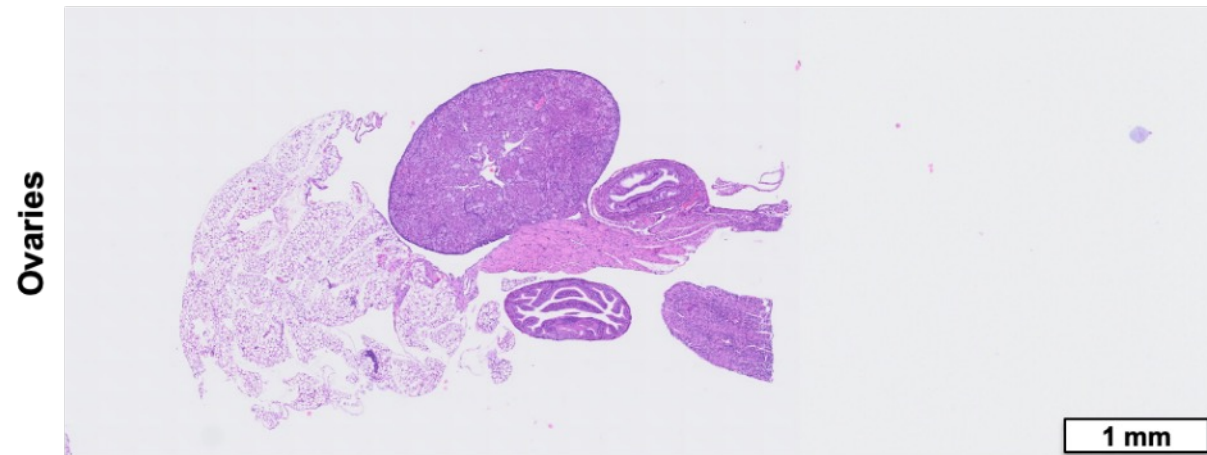
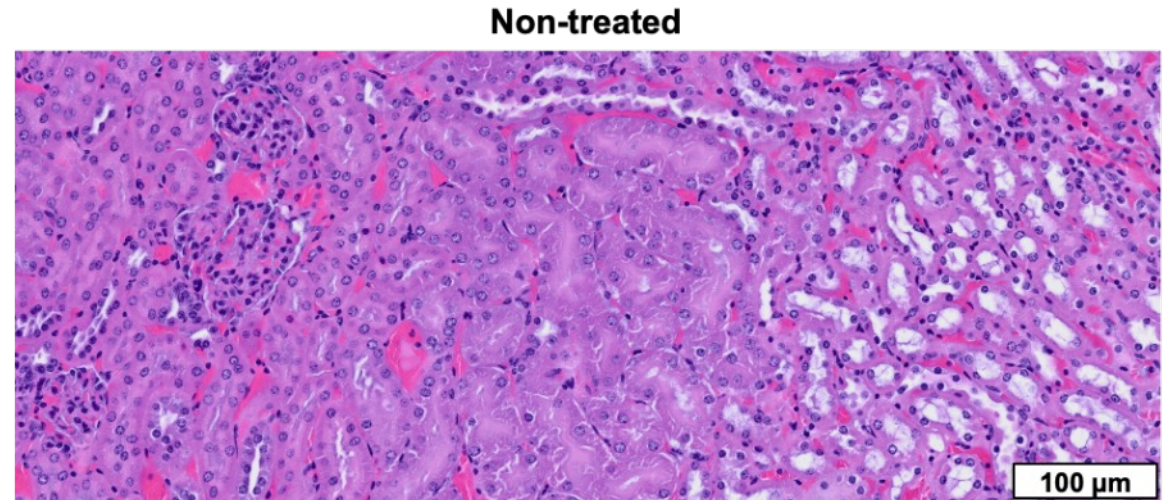
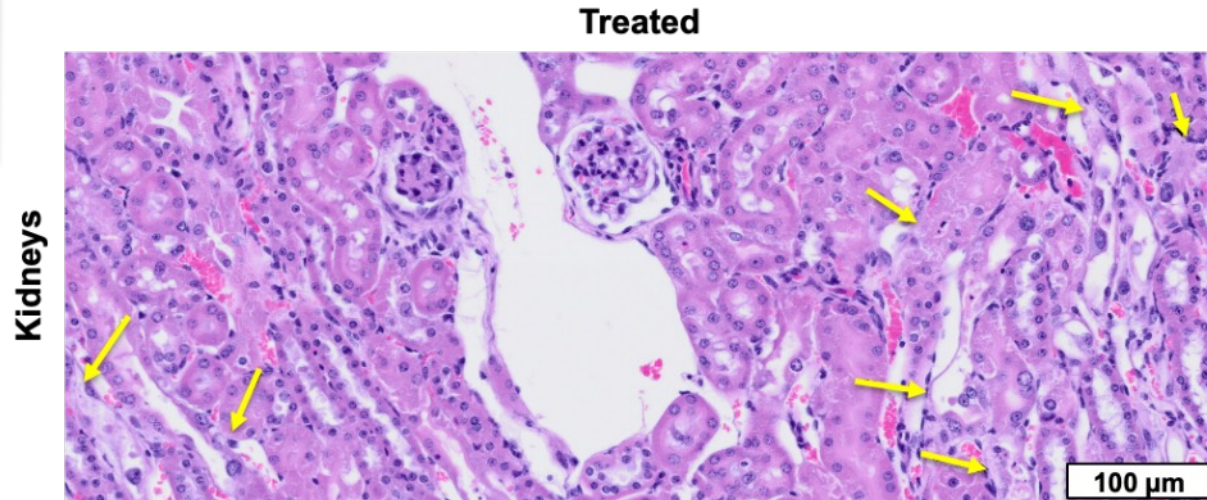
Biodistribution of [^{212}Bi]BiCl₃ in healthy mice
(n = 4)



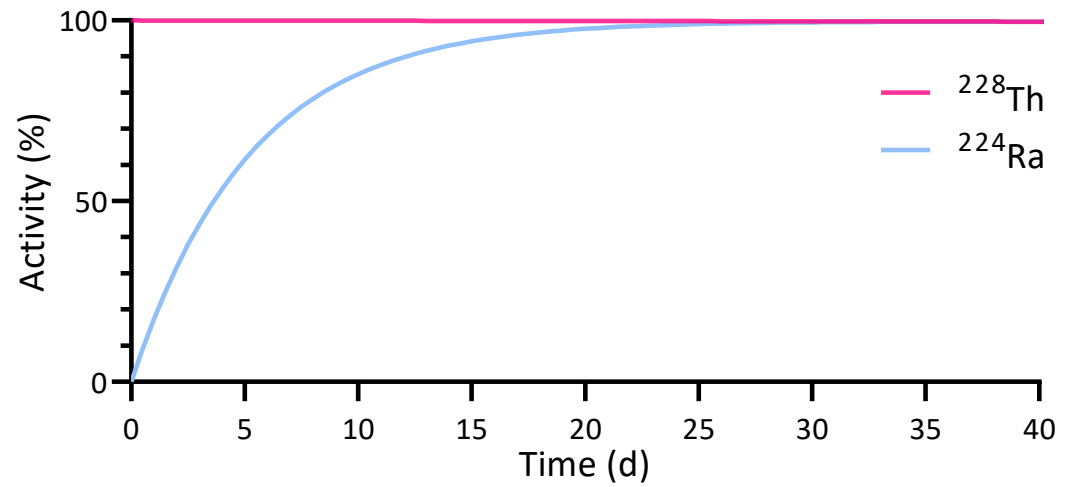
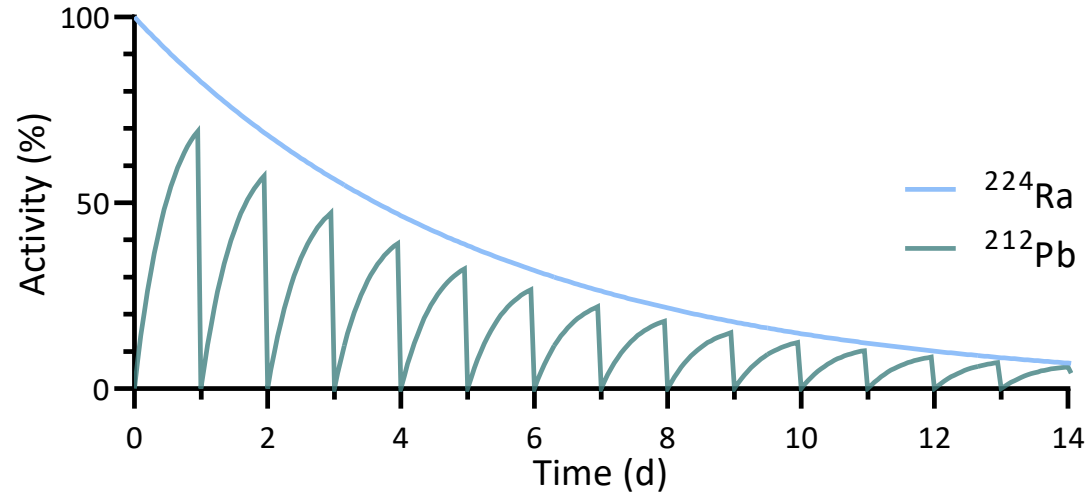
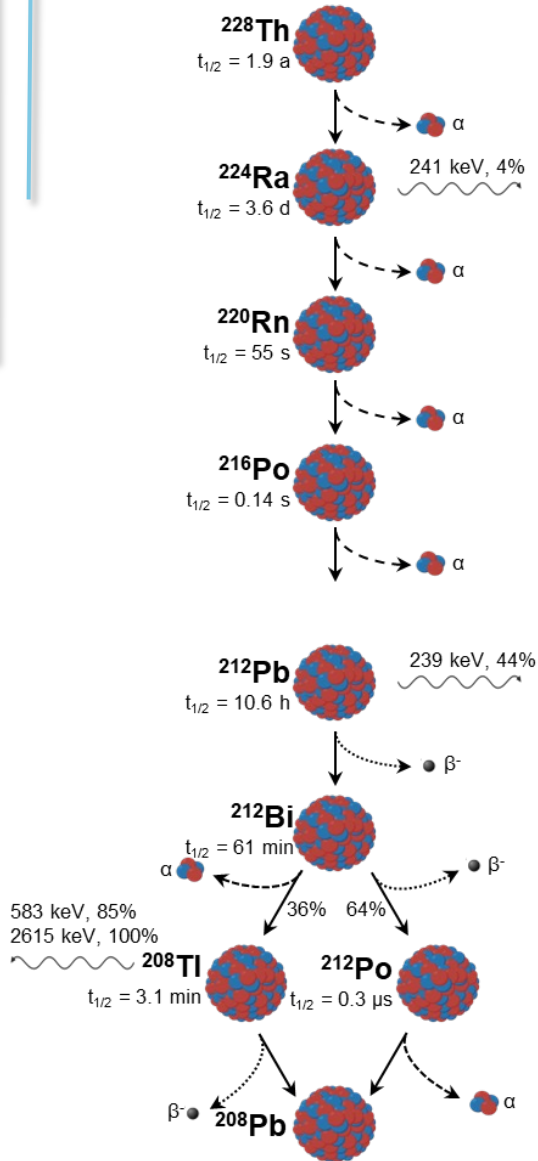
^{212}Bi redistribution study
(n = 4)



Histopathological Examination

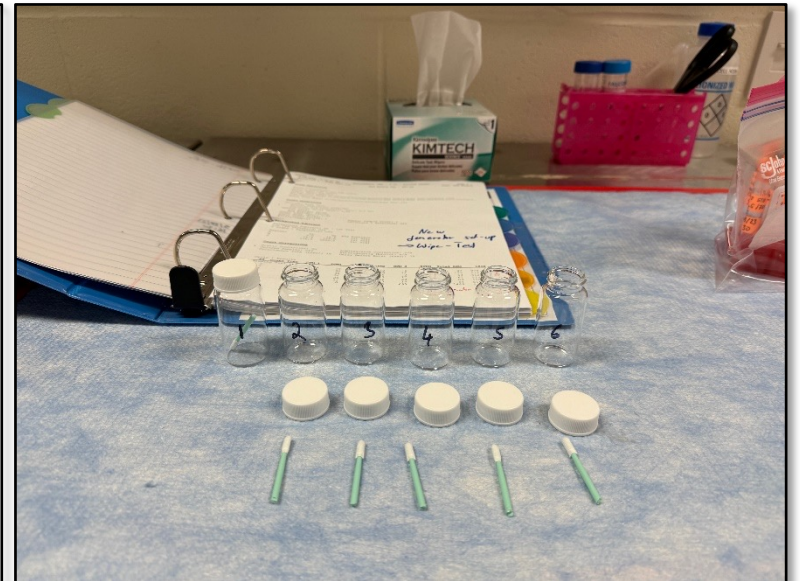
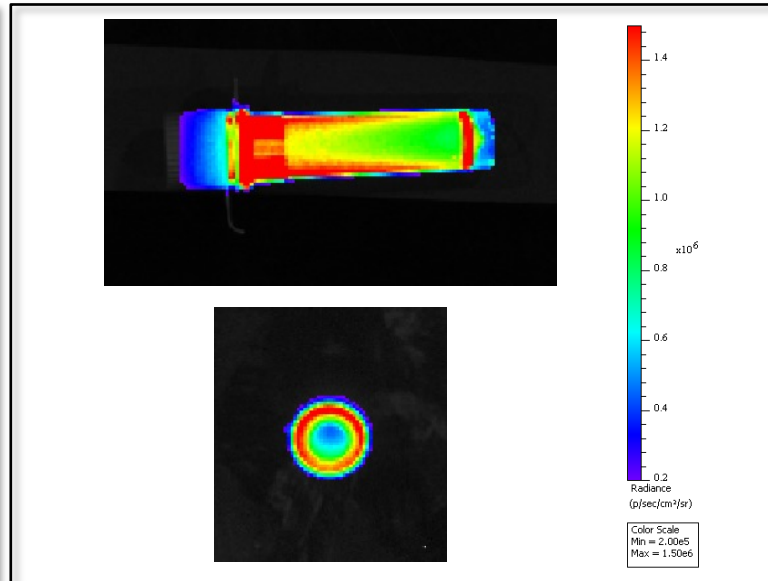
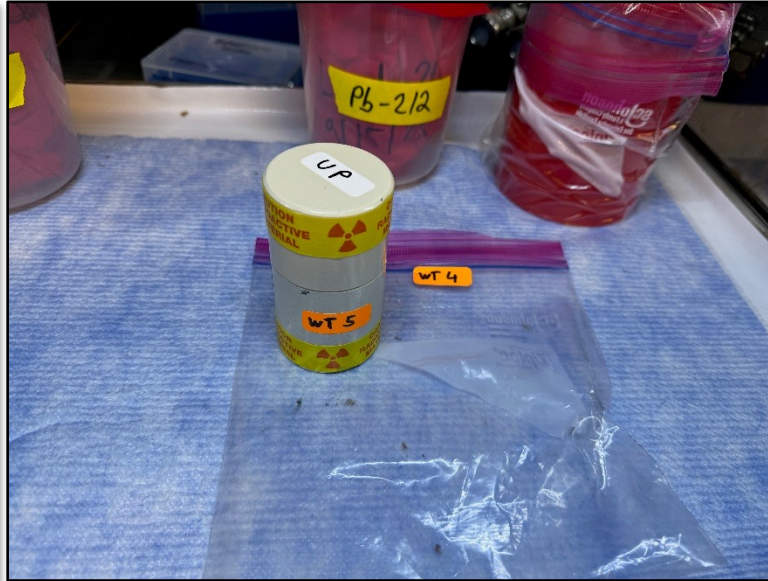
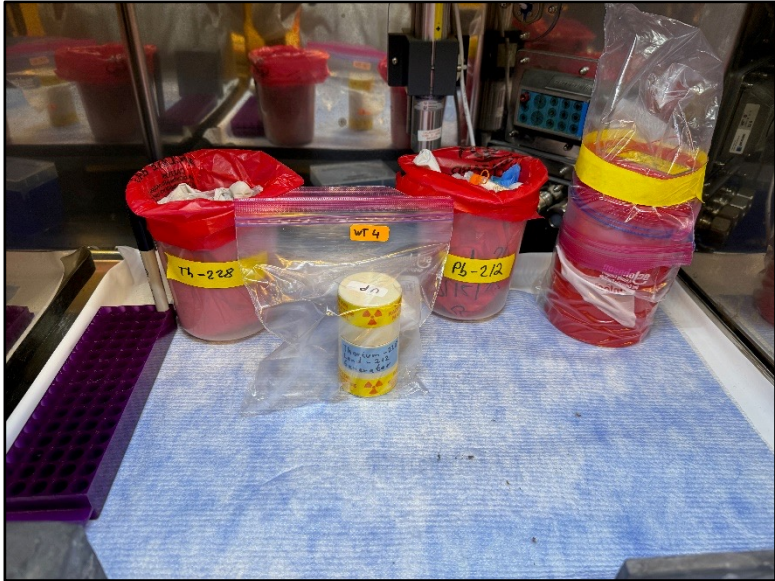


Obtaining Lead-212



Li et al. JNM (2023), PMID: 35798556
 Napoldi et al. Appl Radiat Isot (2020), PMID: 32979756

Radon-220 Emanation



Acknowledgments

Jason Lewis Laboratory



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^{224}Ra and ^{228}Th used in this research was supplied by the U.S. Department of Energy Isotope Program (Isotope R&D Production)



Memorial Sloan Kettering
Cancer Center

The Tow Foundation Fellowship Program



R35 CA232130
P30 CA008748
S10 RR02892-01
S10 OD016207-01
P30 CA008748

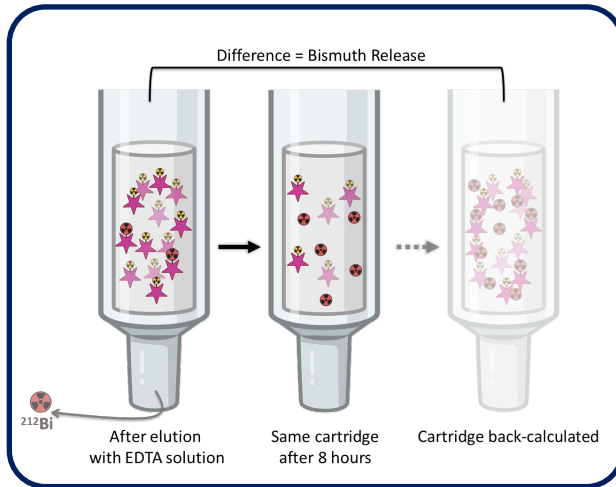
Thank you for your
attention!



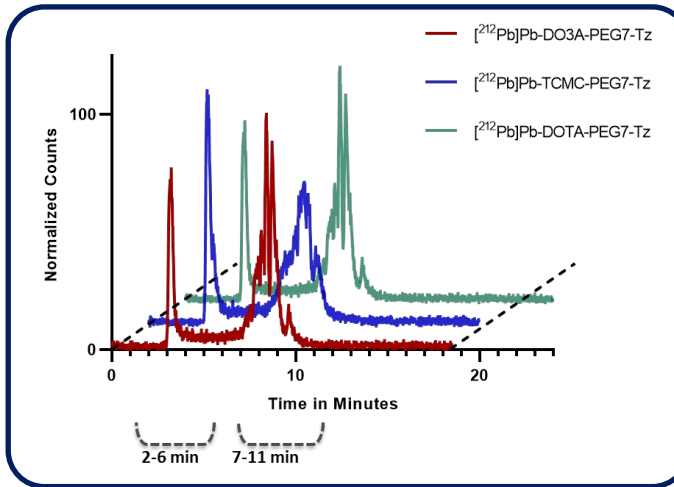
Bismuth-212 Release Studies – Results



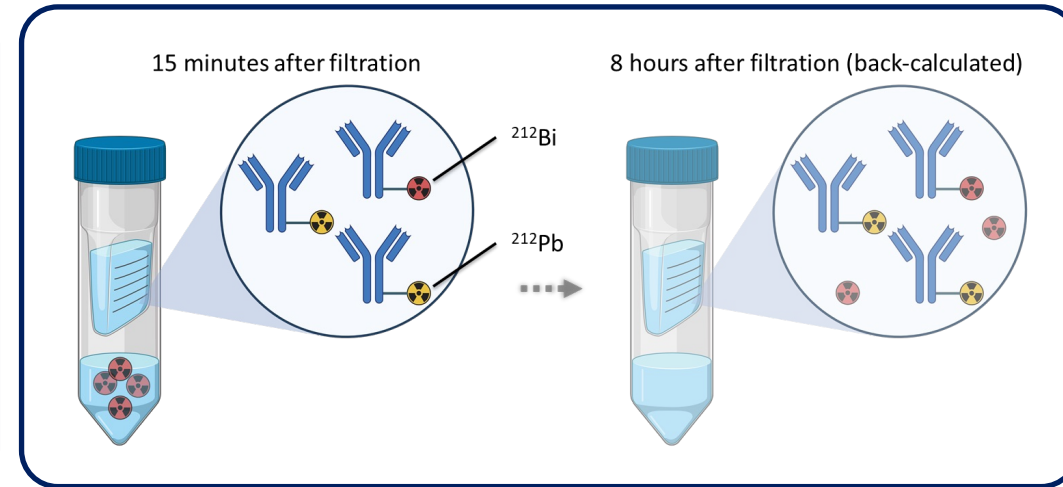
C18-based assay



HPLC-based assay



Ultrafiltration-based assay

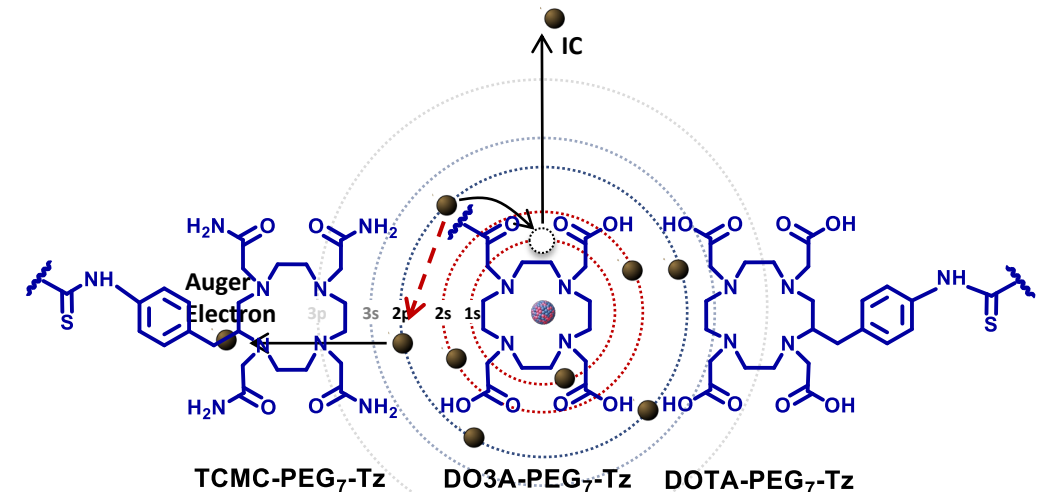


Bismuth Release

	C18	HPLC	UF
TCMC-PEG ₇ -Tz	(42 ± 5) %	(39 ± 5) %	(44 ± 5) %
DO3A-PEG ₇ -Tz	(41 ± 5) %	(37 ± 5) %	(46 ± 5) %
DOTA-PEG ₇ -Tz	(43 ± 5) %	(37 ± 5) %	(43 ± 5) %

Ruble, et al. IJROBP(1996) 34:609-616
 Su, et al. Nucl Med and Biol (2005) 32:741-747
 Mirzadeh, et al. Radiochemica Acta (1993) 60:1-10
 Bauer, et al. unpublished work

(40 ± 5) %



For ²¹²Pb: 37% Auger & conversion electrons from the K shell
 30% Auger & conversion electrons from the L – O shells

Safety Concerns

9/28/2023 7:15:00 PM QuantaSmart (TM) - 4.00 - Serial# 129347 Page # 1
 Protocol# 1 - Wipe Test.lsa Rad Safety LSC - ZRC-20 User: Rad Safety

Assay Definition

Assay Description:
 Generic Wipe Test for Lab users.
 Assay Type: DPM (Dual)
 Report Name: Report1
 Output Data Path: C:\Packard\Tricarb\Results\Rad Safety\Wipe Test\20230928_1859
 Raw Results Path: C:\Packard\Tricarb\Results\Rad Safety\Wipe Test\20230928_1859\20230928_1859.results
 Assay File Name: C:\Packard\TriCarb\Assays\Wipe Test.lsa

Count Conditions

Nuclide: Wipe Test
 Quench Indicator: tSIE/AEC
 External Std Terminator (sec): 0.5 2s
 Pre-Count Delay (min): 0.00
 Quench Sets:
 Low Energy: 3H-UG
 Mid Energy: 14C-UG
 Count Time (min): 1.00
 Count Mode: Normal
 Assay Count Cycles: 1 Repeat Sample Count: 1
 #Vials/Sample: 1 Calculate % Reference: Off

Background Subtract

Background Subtract: On - 1st Vial
 Low CPM Threshold: Off
 2 Sigma % Terminator: Off

Regions	LL	UL	Bkg Subtract
A	0.0	18.6	1st Vial
B	18.6	156.0	1st Vial
C	156.0	2000.0	1st Vial

Count Corrections

Static Controller: On Luminescence Correction: n/a
 Colored Samples: Off Heterogeneity Monitor: n/a
 Coincidence Time (nsec): 18 Delay Before Burst (nsec): 75



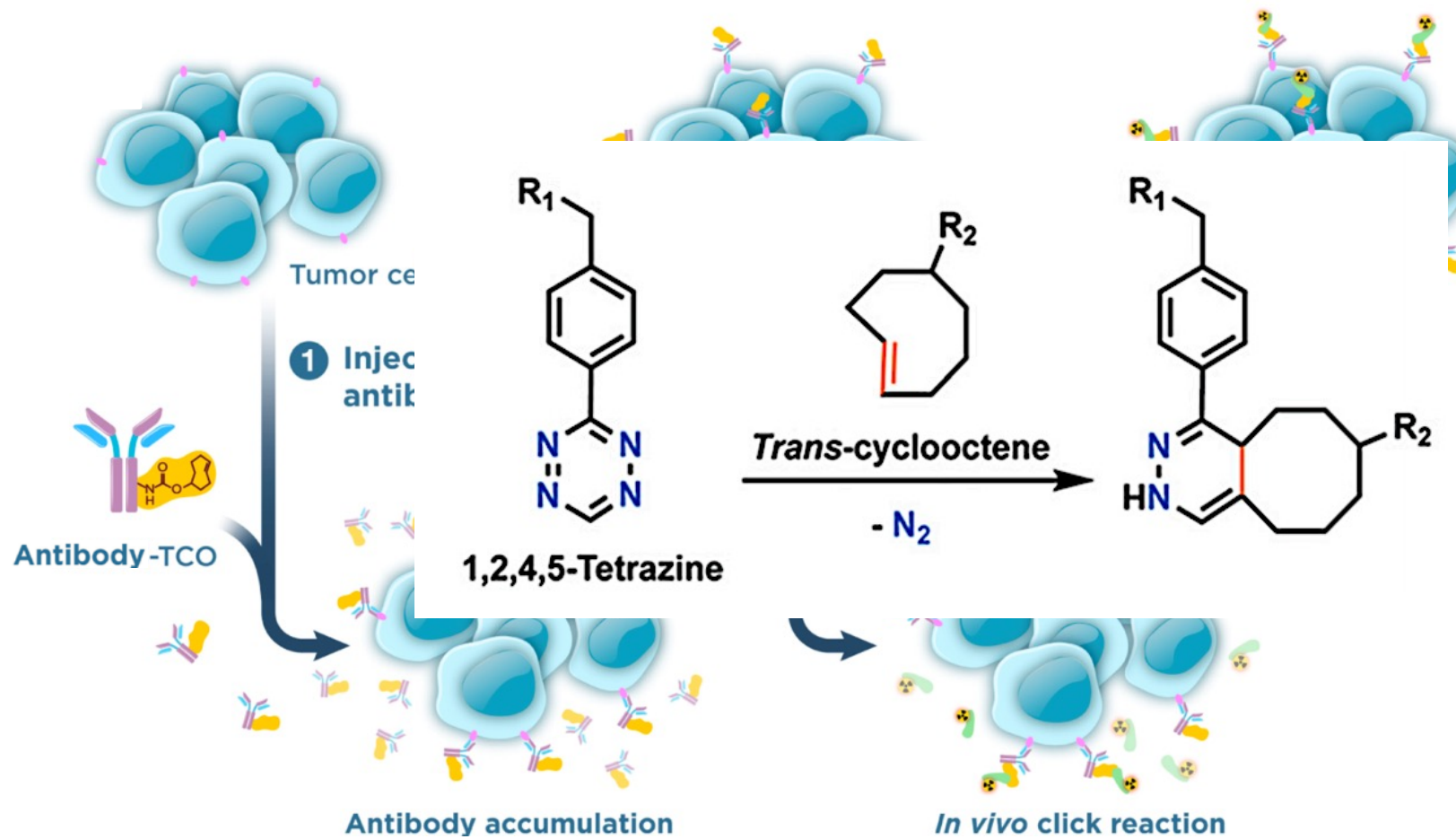
Generator-Details:

- 1.0 mCi thorium-228
- 400 μ Ci lead-212 deposit
- 300 μ Ci lead-212 transferred

Cycle 1 Results									
S#	Count Time	CPM 1	DPM1	CPM 2	DPM2	CPM 3	DPM3	Total DPM	tSIE
Missing vial 1.									
2	1.00	32	49	5	6	11	12	Control Door Hood -Frame Hood-Wall Plastic Bag Lead Container Generator Vial	
3	1.00	29	65	7	9	8	9		
4	1.00	73	167	12	16	17	19		
5	1.00	51	117	10	13	12	13		
6	1.00	57	126	13	18	16	18		
7	1.00	75	176	7	9	21	23		
8	1.00	54	113	24	33	73	81		

Cycle 1 Results									
S#	Count Time	CPM 1	DPM1	CPM 2	DPM2	CPM 3	DPM3	Total DPM	tSIE
Missing vial 1.									
2	1.00	32	49	5	6	11	12	67	982.99
3	1.00	29	65	7	9	8	9	83	509.61
4	1.00	73	167	12	16	17	19	202	504.43
5	1.00	51	117	10	13	12	13	143	503.47
6	1.00	57	126	13	18	16	18	162	507.44
7	1.00	75	176	7	9	21	23	208	504.31
8	1.00	54	113	24	33	73	81	227	503.81

Pretargeting – The Concept



Zeglis et al. Mol Pharm (2015), PMID: 26287993

Meyer et al. Bioconjugate Chem (2016), PMID: 27787983