



# Actinium-225 User Group Meeting

Ken Song, MD  
*President and CEO*  
RayzeBio, Inc.

September 1, 2022

# RayzeBio Company Overview

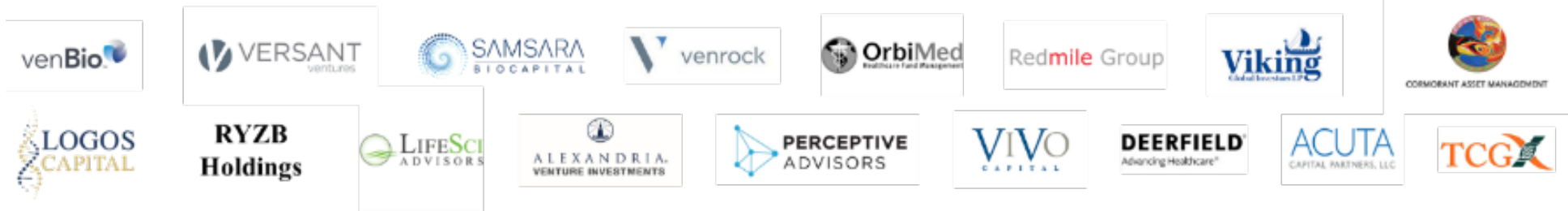
***Mission: Improve cancer patient survival by efficiently developing targeted innovative drugs that harness the power of radioisotopes***

## Pipeline and capabilities

- First-in-class diverse pipeline spanning discovery, preclinical, and clinical stage programs
- RYZ101 ( $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE) – Currently enrolling in Phase 1→3 trial for GEP-NETs. Additional clinical indications being evaluated.
- Three novel small molecule and peptide based  $^{225}\text{Ac}$  drugs to start clinical imaging studies in near term
- Customized 28,000 sq ft radiopharmaceutical R&D facility in San Diego
- Commercial scale 63,000 sq ft cGMP manufacturing facility to be completed 2H 2023

## Proven team and elite investor base

- 77 FTEs led by a repeatedly successful management team in life sciences
- \$256 million raised from inception August 2020 to July 2022



# RayzeBio Radiopharmaceuticals Therapy (RPT) Pipeline

Program	Binder	Indication	Discovery	Lead Optimization	Development candidate	Clinical imaging, IND enabling	Clinical trials (Phase 1→3)
<b>RYZ101 (SSTR2)</b>	<i>DOTATATE</i>	Neuroendocrine tumors	▶				
		Other solid tumors	▶				
<b>Program A</b>	<i>Novel Peptide</i>	GI tract cancers	▶				
<b>Program B</b>	<i>Novel Peptide</i>	Multiple solid tumors	▶				
<b>Program C</b>	<i>Novel Small molecule</i>	GU cancers	▶				
		GI tract cancers	▶				
<b>Program D</b>	<i>Novel Peptide</i>	Multiple solid tumors	▶				
<b>Program E</b>	<i>Novel Peptide</i>	Liver cancer	▶				
<b>Other programs</b>	<i>Peptide/small molecules</i>	Multiple solid tumors	▶				

# Lead Clinical Indication – Neuroendocrine Tumors (NETs)

- Neuroendocrine tumors of the GI tract (GI-NET) and pancreas (P-NET) have limited treatment options.
- **Somatostatin receptor 2 (SSTR2)** is overexpressed in majority of tumors
- Limited FDA approved treatments and disease progression inevitable
- <sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE (Lutathera®) approved in 2018 was a major advance for NET patients
  - <sup>177</sup>Lu is a  $\beta$ -particle radioisotope
  - DOTATATE is a somatostatin analog that binds SSTR2

## Management of Advanced/Metastatic, Well-Differentiated SSTR+ NETs

### GI-NET

Somatostatin analogs  
(octreotide or lanreotide)

Everolimus  
Cytotoxic chemo (category 3)

<sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE

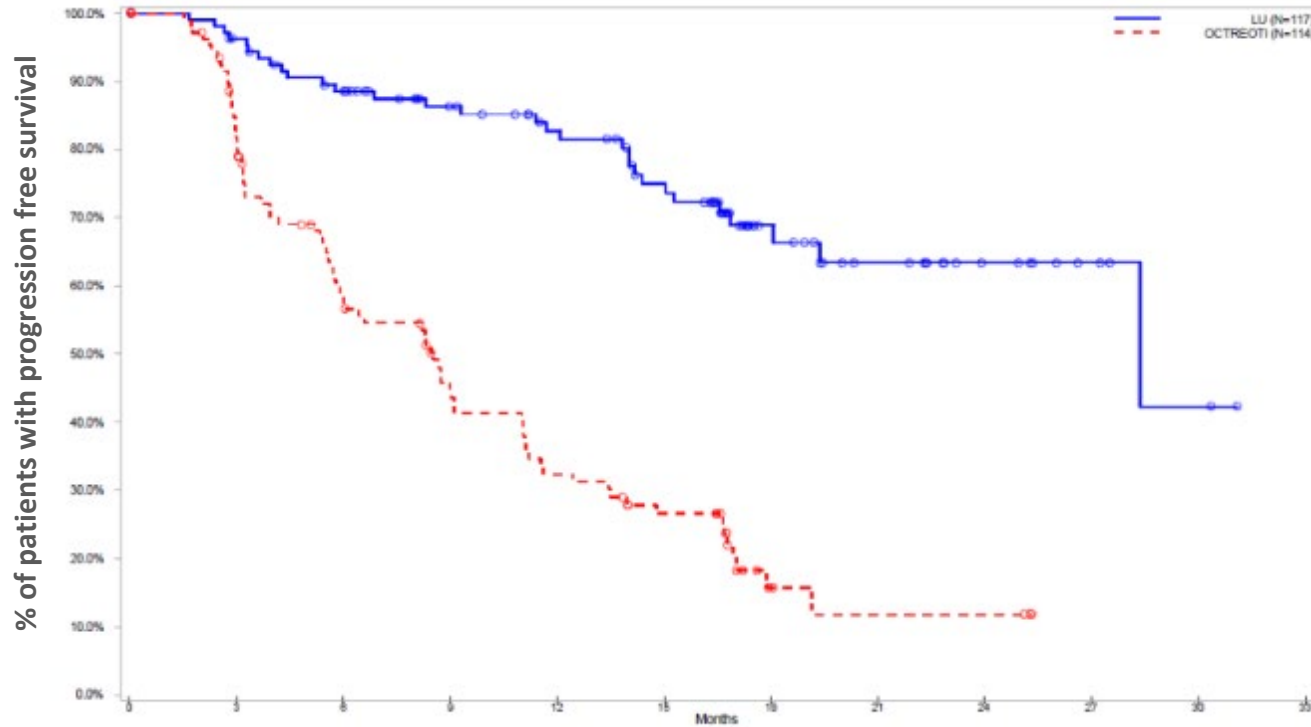
### P-NET

Somatostatin analogs  
(octreotide or lanreotide)

Everolimus  
Sunitinib  
Cytotoxic chemo

<sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE

# $^{177}\text{Lu}$ ( $\beta$ -isotope) DOTATATE Clinically Effective But Patients Eventually Progress



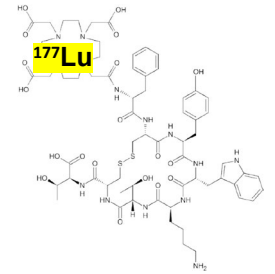
Lutathera

Control

	# of patients	Median PFS (months)
Lutathera	117	28.4
Control	114	8.5

## $^{177}\text{Lu}$ -DOTATATE

- Octreotide (somatostatin analogue)
- DOTA chelator with  $^{177}\text{Lu}$
- Binds to Somatostatin Receptor 2 (SSTR2) on NETs



## Phase 3 NETTER-1 trial of Lutathera ( $^{177}\text{Lu}$ -DOTATATE) versus Control (octreotide LAR)

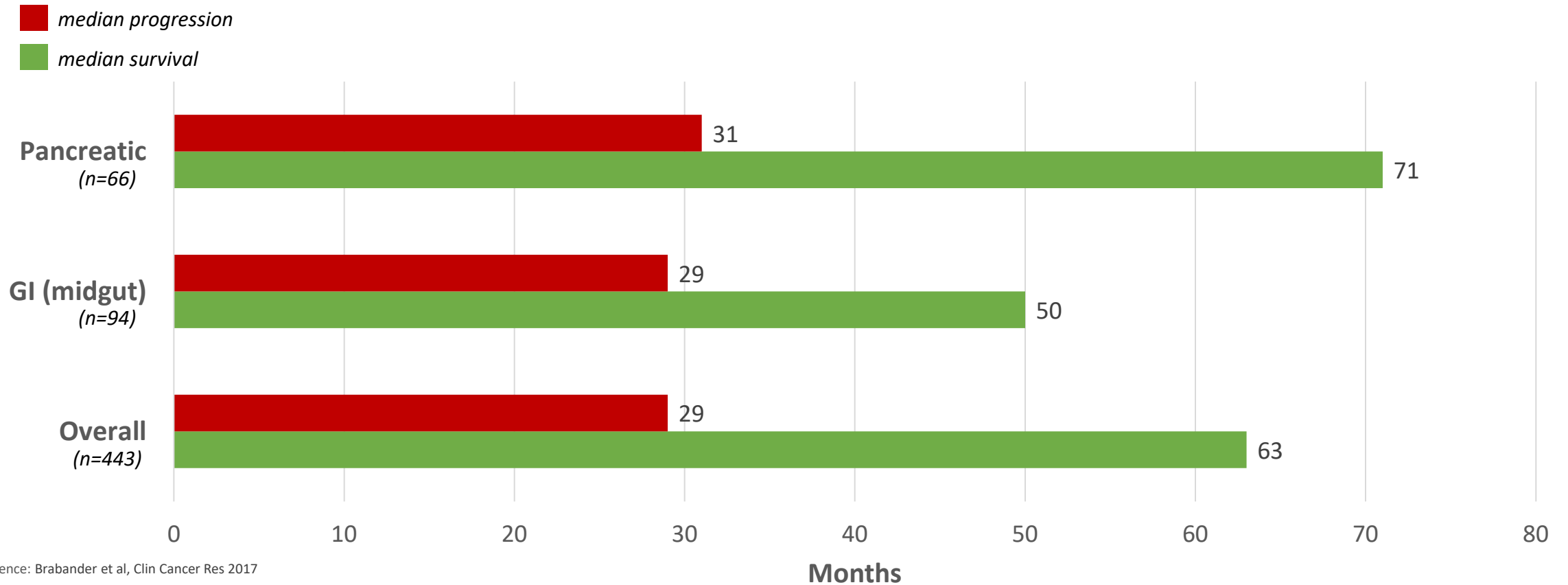
- Hazard ratio of 0.21
- FDA approved in 2018 based on PFS

Lutathera developed by AAA which was acquired by Novartis

Reference: Strosberg et al, NEJM, 2017

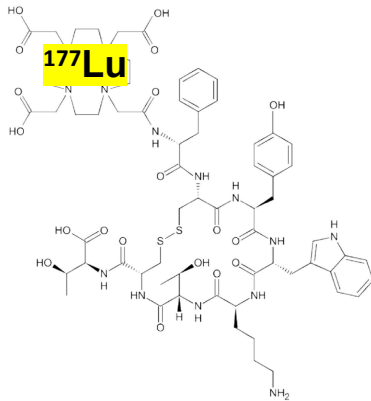
# NETs – Long Survival Post Progression on $^{177}\text{Lu}$ DOTATATE

- NET patients continue to survive 21 to 34 months after progression on  $^{177}\text{Lu}$  DOTATATE treatment
- Following inevitable disease progression on  $^{177}\text{Lu}$  DOTATATE, there are no recommended treatment options



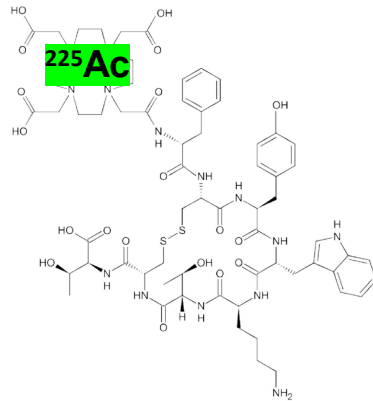
Reference: Brabander et al, Clin Cancer Res 2017

# RYZ101 ( $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE) – Addresses the Unmet Need in NETs



**Lutathera**

( $^{177}\text{Lu}$ -DOTATATE)



**RYZ101**

( $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE)

- Lutathera and RYZ101 share the same binder and chelator – DOTATATE
- RYZ101 has more potent alpha radioisotope  $^{225}\text{Ac}$
- Novel proprietary formulation developed on RYZ101 given different radioisotope

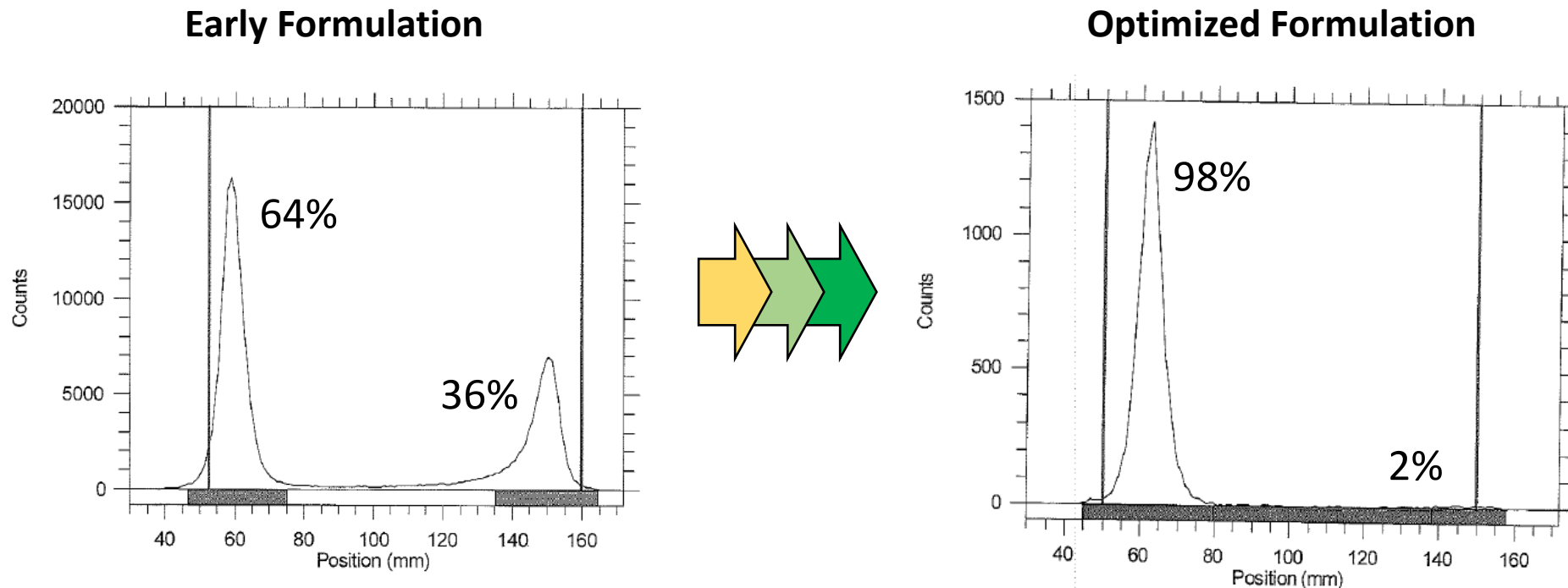
## Development strategy

- Evaluate RYZ101 in GI-NET and P-NET patients previously treated with Lutathera that have now progressed
  - Use similar dosing schedule frequency
  - Leverage clinical centers with RPT experience with Lutathera
- Pursue orphan drug designation
- Patent estate on novel formulation for RYZ101

# RYZ101 ( $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE) – Formulation Development

- $^{225}\text{Ac}$  and  $^{177}\text{Lu}$  have distinct properties
- Radiolabeling and stability conditions cannot be readily transferred between radioisotopes
- Numerous formulations were evaluated to optimize RYZ101 labeling efficiency and stability
- RYZ101 has stability out to 120 hours (5 days) and has been scaled up successfully

## Radiolabeling Stability at 120 hr by TLC

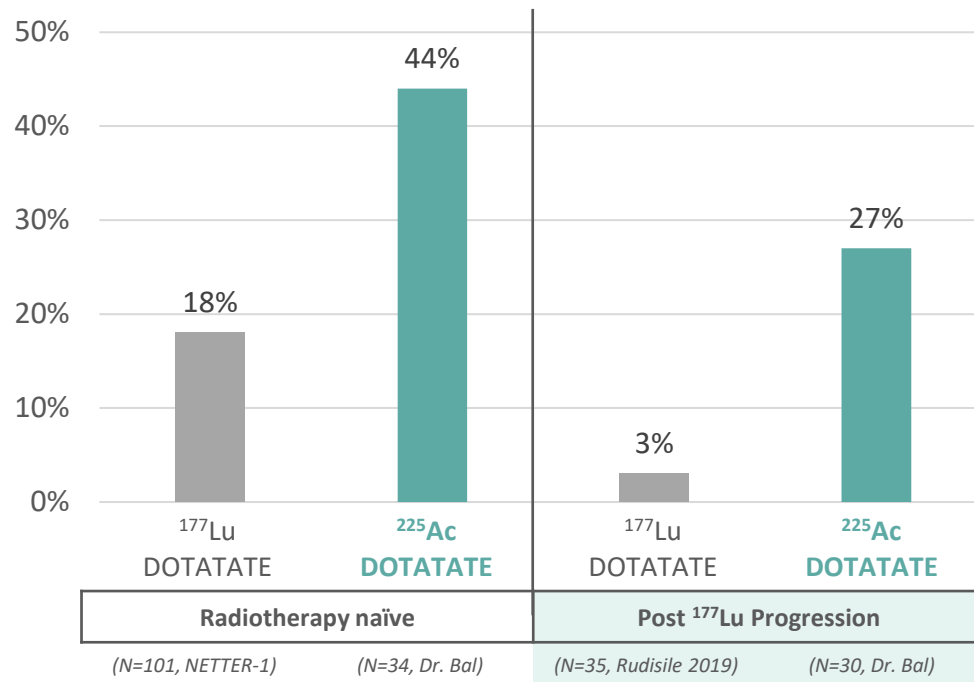




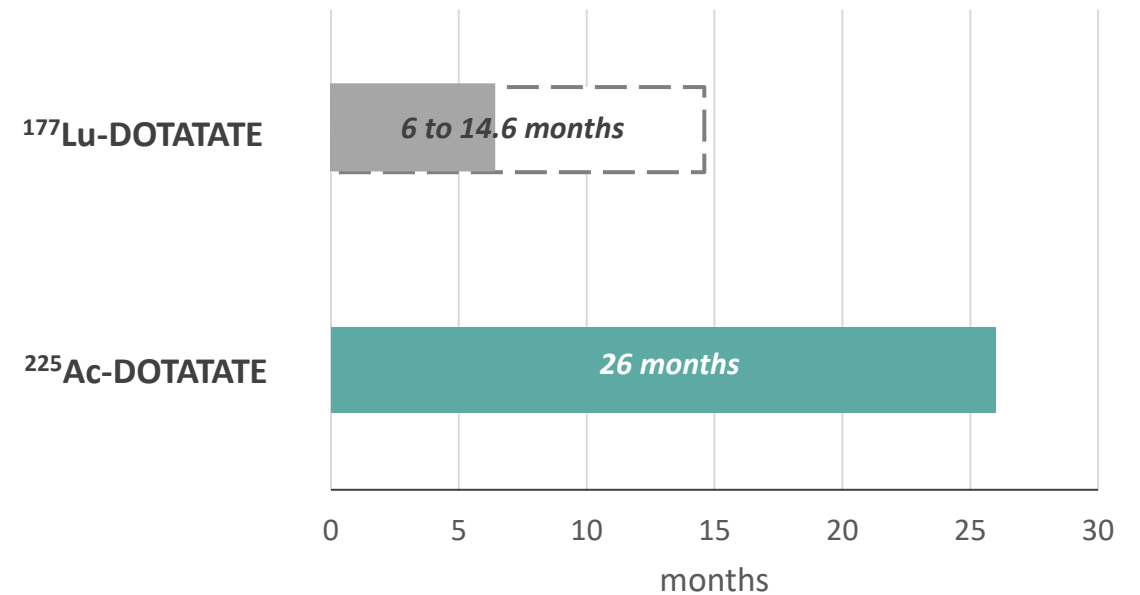
# <sup>225</sup>Ac-DOTATATE ( $\alpha$ -isotope) Demonstrates Efficacy in Patients Previously Treated with <sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE ( $\beta$ -isotope)

Clinical experience with <sup>225</sup>Ac-DOTATATE in NET patients highlight efficacy advantages using  $\alpha$  isotope

**Objective Response Rate (%)**



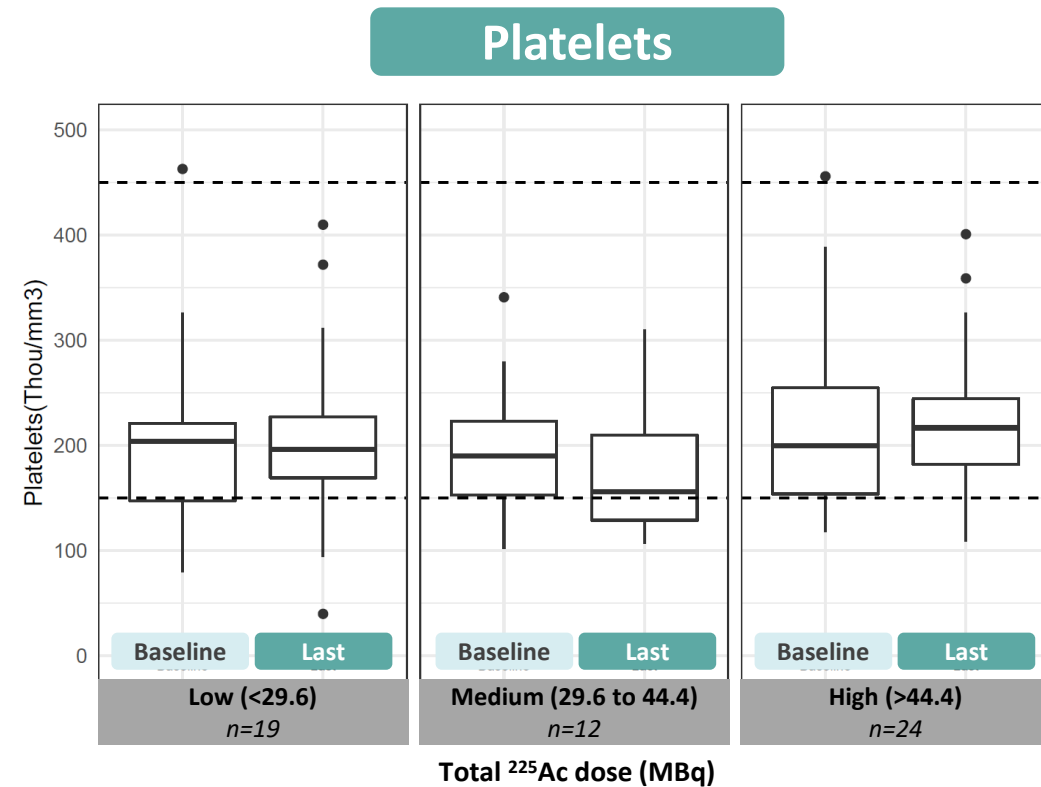
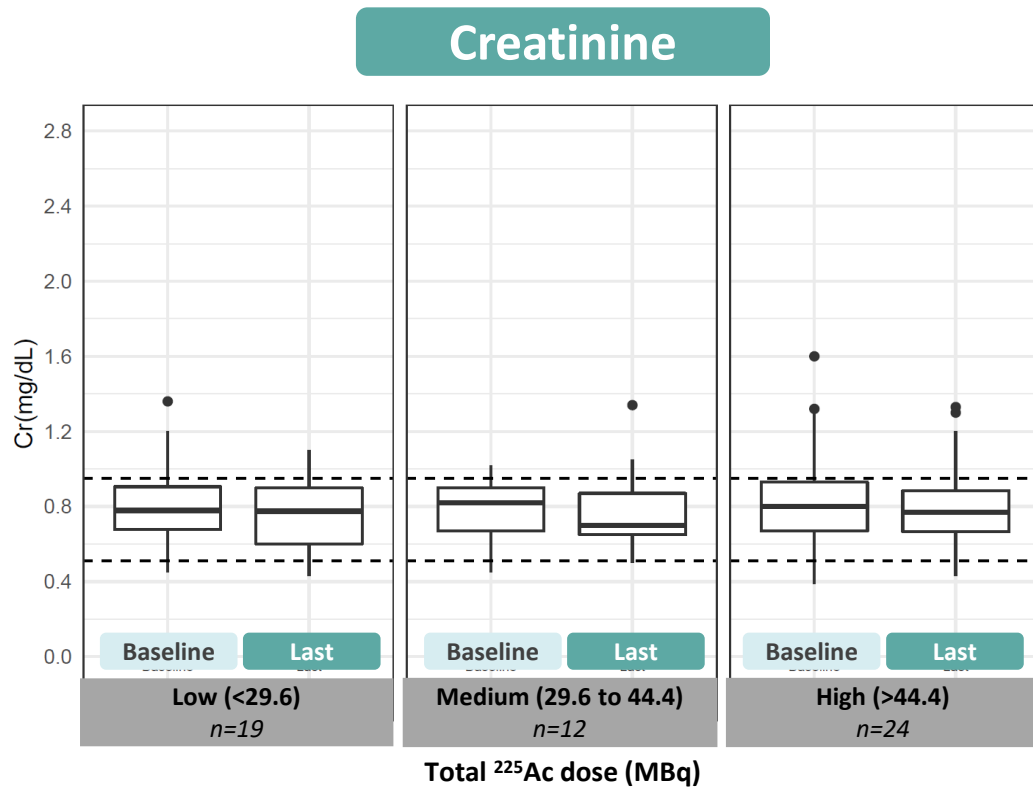
**Progression Free Survival (post progression on <sup>177</sup>Lu-DOTATATE)**



References: Strosberg et al (2017); Strosberg et al (2021); Bal et al (2022), internal analysis

# $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE is Well Tolerated

- Based on clinical laboratory data,  $^{225}\text{Ac}$ -DOTATATE appears to be well tolerated with no notable significant toxicities and no evidence of dose dependent changes



References: Bal et al (2022), internal analysis

# RYZ101 ACTION-1 Study: Streamlined Phase 1b to Phase 3 Trial



**ACTinium fOr Neuroendocrine tumors**

*ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT05477576*

## Key Eligibility Criteria

- Age  $\geq$  18
- Well-differentiated GI and pancreatic NETs with positive SSTR-PET imaging
- Progressive disease following treatment with  $^{177}\text{Lu}$  SSTR RPT

## Phase 1b: Dose de-escalation underway

- Initial cohort is at top dose of 120 kBq/kg
- Dose limiting toxicity period of evaluation is 8 weeks after RYZ101 administration
- Primary endpoint is safety. Clinical response will also be measured.

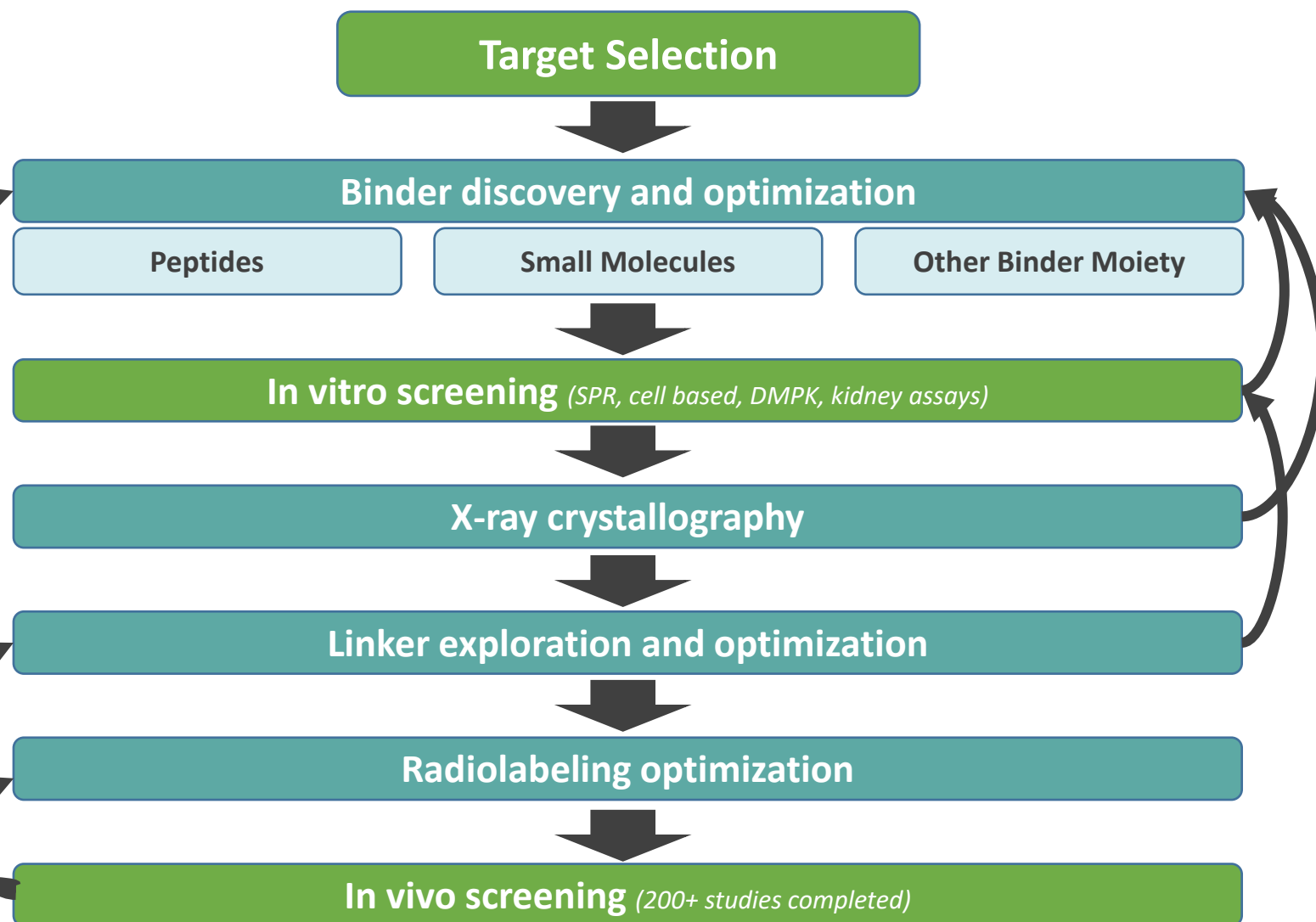
## Phase 3: Pivotal trial

- Randomized clinical trial of RYZ101 against standard of care (high dose SSA, everolimus, sunitinib)
- Primary endpoint of progression free survival
- Global study

# Our Discovery Workflow for Novel RPT Oncology Drugs

## 28,000 sq ft R&D center in San Diego

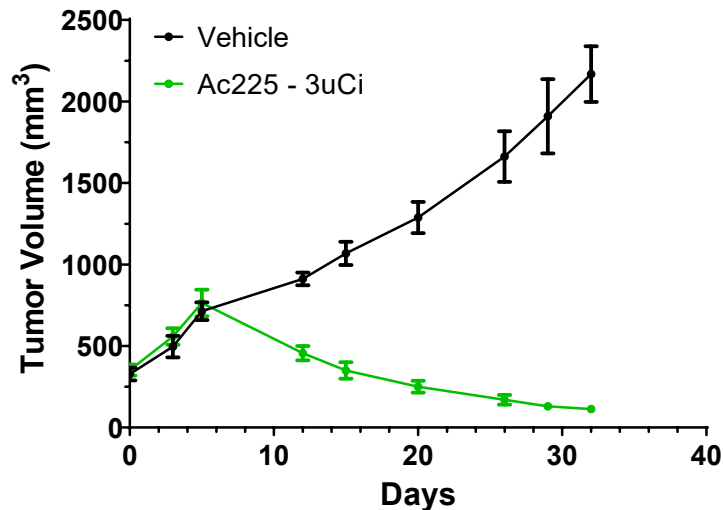
- Alpha and beta isotope radiolabeling lab
- Vivarium with molecular imaging and biodistribution capabilities
- Full in vitro biological capabilities (e.g. SPR, cell assays, flow cytometry)
- Internal small molecule and peptide chemistry
- DMPK suite



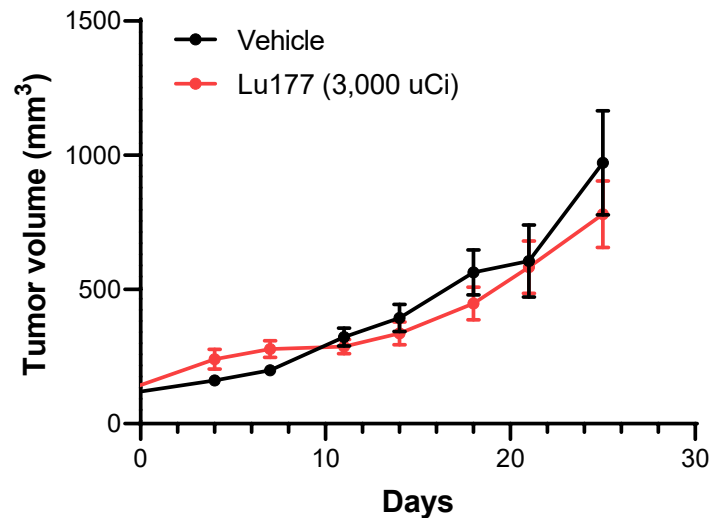
# $^{225}\text{Ac}$ Demonstrates Robust Preclinical Efficacy

- Cell surface target selectively overexpressed in several solid tumors
- Novel small binder with high affinity and selectivity against the target
- Single dose efficacy studies in xenograft studies using  $^{225}\text{Ac}$  and  $^{177}\text{Lu}$

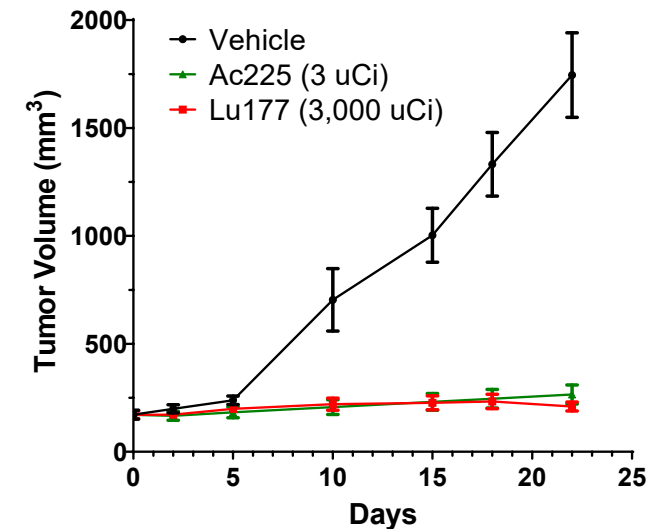
## Tumor Model A - $^{225}\text{Ac}$ shows clear superiority over $^{177}\text{Lu}$



References: internal data and analysis



## Tumor Model B – Similar efficacy with $^{225}\text{Ac}$ and $^{177}\text{Lu}$



# Summary

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- $^{225}\text{Ac}$  has already demonstrated robust clinical efficacy and safety
- New radiopharmaceutical drugs leveraging the potency of  $^{225}\text{Ac}$  have the potential to significantly improve the lives of cancer patients
- Continued collaboration and investment is needed across the industry to bring forth  $^{225}\text{Ac}$  based therapies to the market